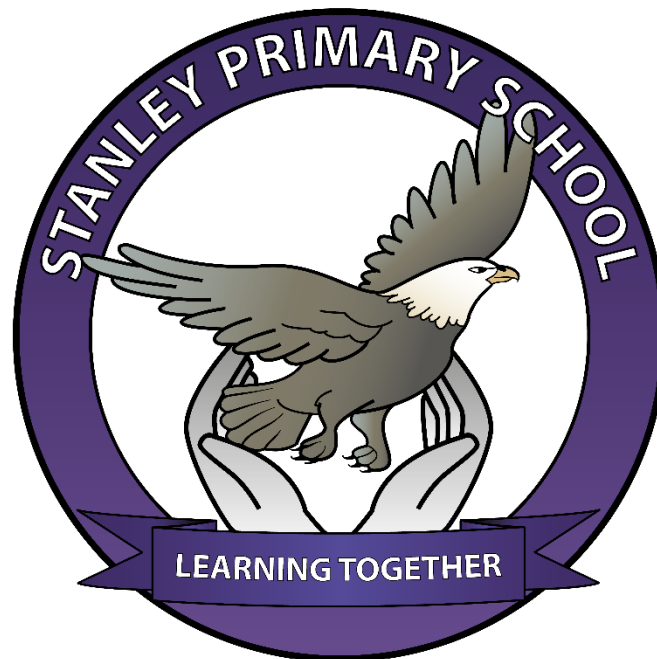


STANLEY PRIMARY SCHOOL



SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

| | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Approved by: | Full Governing Board | Date: May 2016 |
| Last reviewed on: | September 2024 | |
| Next review due by: | September 2025 | |

AIMS

This policy aims to ensure that:

- Pupils, staff and parents understand how our school will support pupils with medical conditions
- Pupils with medical conditions are properly supported to allow them to access the same education as other pupils, including school trips and sporting activities

The governing board will implement this policy by:

- Making sure sufficient staff are suitably trained
- Making staff aware of pupils' conditions, where appropriate
- Making sure there are cover arrangements to ensure someone is always available to support pupils with medical conditions
- Providing supply teachers with appropriate information about the policy and relevant pupils
- Developing and monitoring individual healthcare plans (IHCPs)

The named person with responsibility for implementing this policy is the Deputy Headteacher .

LEGISLATION AND STATUTORY RESPONSIBILITIES

This policy meets the requirements under [Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014](#), which places a duty on governing boards to make arrangements for supporting pupils at their school with medical conditions.

It is also based on the Department for Education (DfE)'s statutory guidance on [supporting pupils with medical conditions at school](#).

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Governing board

The governing board has ultimate responsibility to make arrangements to support pupils with medical conditions. The governing board will ensure that sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent before they are responsible for supporting children with medical conditions.

The headteacher

The headteacher will:

- Make sure all staff are aware of this policy and understand their role in its implementation
- Ensure that there is a sufficient number of trained staff available to implement this policy and deliver against all individual healthcare plans (IHCPs), including in contingency and emergency situations
- Ensure that all staff who need to know are aware of a child's condition
- Take overall responsibility for the development of IHCPs
- Make sure that school staff are appropriately insured and aware that they are insured to support pupils in this way
- Contact the school nursing service in the case of any pupil who has a medical condition that may require support at school, but who has not yet been brought to the attention of the school nurse
- Ensure that systems are in place for obtaining information about a child's medical needs and that this information is kept up to date

Staff

Supporting pupils with medical conditions during school hours is not the sole responsibility of one person. Any member of staff may be asked to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, although they will not be required to do so. This includes the administration of medicines.

Those staff who take on the responsibility to support pupils with medical conditions will receive sufficient and suitable training, and will achieve the necessary level of competency before doing so.

Teachers will take into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach. All staff will know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

Parents

Parents will:

- Provide the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs
- Inform school of any medications that have been administered before school so this can be noted on meditracker in the child's profile.
- Be involved in the development and review of their child's IHCP and may be involved in its drafting

- Carry out any action they have agreed to as part of the implementation of the IHCP, e.g. provide medicines and equipment, and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

Pupils

Pupils with medical conditions will often be best placed to provide information about how their condition affects them. Pupils should be fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs and contribute as much as possible to the development of their IHCPs. They are also expected to comply with their IHCPs.

School Nurses and Other Healthcare Professionals

Our school nursing service will notify the school when a pupil has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support in school. This will be before the pupil starts school, wherever possible. They may also support staff to implement a child's IHCP.

Healthcare professionals, such as GPs and paediatricians, will liaise with the school's nurses and notify them of any pupils identified as having a medical condition. They may also provide advice on developing IHCPs.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

Our school is clear about the need to actively support pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so.

The school will consider what reasonable adjustments need to be made to enable these pupils to participate fully and safely on school trips, visits and sporting activities.

Risk assessments will be carried out so that planning arrangements take account of any steps needed to ensure that pupils with medical conditions are included. In doing so, pupils, their parents and any relevant healthcare professionals will be consulted.

BEING NOTIFIED THAT A CHILD HAS A MEDICAL CONDITION

When the school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition, the process outlined below will be followed to decide whether the pupil requires an IHCP.

The school will make every effort to ensure that arrangements are put into place within 2 weeks, or by the beginning of the relevant term for pupils who are new to our school.

See Appendix 1.

Transitional arrangements between schools will be completed in such a way that Stanley Primary School will ensure full disclosure of relevant medical information, Healthcare plans and support needed in good time for the child's receiving school to adequately prepare Individual Healthcare plans supplied by Healthcare professionals will be made available to, and be followed by, relevant staff.

INDIVIDUAL HEALTH CARE PLANS (IHCPs)

The headteacher has overall responsibility for the development of IHCPs for pupils with medical conditions. This has been delegated to the Deputy Headteacher.

Plans will be reviewed at least annually, or earlier if there is evidence that the pupil's needs have changed.

Plans will be developed with the pupil's best interests in mind and will set out:

- What needs to be done
- When
- By whom

Not all pupils with a medical condition will require an IHCP. It will be agreed with a healthcare professional and the parents when an IHCP would be inappropriate or disproportionate. This will be based on evidence. If there is no consensus, the headteacher will make the final decision.

Plans will be drawn up in partnership with the school, parents and a relevant healthcare professional, such as the school nurse, specialist or paediatrician, who can best advise on the pupil's specific needs. The pupil will be involved wherever appropriate.

IHCPs will be linked to, or become part of, any education, health and care (EHC) plan. If a pupil has SEN but does not have an EHC plan, the SEN will be mentioned in the IHCP.

The level of detail in the plan will depend on the complexity of the child's condition and how much support is needed. The governing board and the Deputy Headteacher with responsibility for developing IHCPs, will consider the following when deciding what information to record on IHCPs:

- The medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- The pupil's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues, e.g. crowded corridors, travel time between lessons
- Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs. For example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete

exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions

- The level of support needed, including in emergencies. If a pupil is self-managing their medication, this will be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring
- Who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the pupil's medical condition from a healthcare professional, and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable
- Who in the school needs to be aware of the pupil's condition and the support required
- Arrangements for written permission from parents and the headteacher for medication to be administered by a member of staff, or self-administered by the pupil during school hours
- Separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the pupil can participate, e.g. risk assessments
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/pupil, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the pupil's condition
- What to do in an emergency, including who to contact, and contingency arrangements

MANAGING MEDICINES

Prescription medicines and over the counter medicines will only be administered at school:

- When it would be detrimental to the pupil's health or school attendance not to do so **and**
- Where we have parents' written consent received in person or by email from a parent
- Medicines must be given to the school office by a parent/carer

The only exception to this is where the medicine has been prescribed to the pupil without the knowledge of the parents.

Pupils under 16 will not be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed by a doctor.

Medicine administration:

- Anyone giving a pupil any medication (for example, for pain relief) will first check the identity of the child and that the medicine belongs to them.

- They will then check the maximum dosages and check Meditracker to see when the previous dosage was taken in school/at home. If staff are unsure about administration at home before school, a phone call should be made to check the last administration of medicine. Medicine should not be administered until timings can be clarified with the parent/carer to see if the next dosage is within the recommended dosage times.
- Two members of staff will also be present when administering medication and this will be logged on Meditracker - Parents will be informed of the administration by an email from Meditracker.
- School staff will endeavour to administer medicines as close to the requested time as possible.

The school will only accept prescribed medicines and over the counter medicines that are:

- In-date
- Labelled
- Provided in the original container, as dispensed, and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage
- Non-prescribed over the counter medicines need to be given to the school office by a parent/carer in an un-opened state.

Only reasonable quantities of medication should be supplied to the school and any medication required at home should be kept there or collected by parent/carer at the end of the school day – please note pupils will not be able to collect medicines without being accompanied by an adult. If a child needs medication over a long-term then an individual health plan will be written and the plan guidance followed.

The school will accept insulin that is inside an insulin pen or pump rather than its original container, but it must be in date.


All medicines will be stored safely. Pupils will be informed about where their medicines are at all times and be able to access them immediately. Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens will always be readily available to pupils and not locked away.

If children refuse to take medicines, staff will not force them to do so, and will inform the parents of their refusal as a matter of urgency on the same day.

In line with Government guidance (Guidance on the use of emergency salbutamol inhalers in schools – March 2015), school will acquire and maintain an emergency inhaler and Epi – Pen. This will be used if a pupil's prescribed inhaler EpiPen is not available for any reason.

Epi-pen – Any member of staff can administer an epi-pen in an emergency.

The pen (cap off) should be pushed against the child's thigh, through clothing if necessary. The pen should be held for a count of 10 seconds before being withdrawn. Ambulances



must be called for a child who may require an epi-pen. Parents should be contacted after this call has been made.

Children with medical conditions which may require emergency attention, e.g. epilepsy, diabetes, food allergy will have their picture on an Individual Healthcare Plan clearly accessible in their classroom, office and the school staffroom, all adults dealing with the child will have their attention drawn to this information.

All classrooms should have a red medical alert form posted on the wall. This is a point of information for all staff and supply staff. The form should name asthmatics and any other children that may have extra health requirements, either permanent or temporary.

Medicines will be returned to parents to arrange for safe disposal when no longer required.

Controlled drugs

[Controlled drugs](#) are prescription medicines that are controlled under the [Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001](#) and subsequent amendments, such as morphine or methadone.

All controlled drugs are kept in a secure cupboard in the school office and only named staff have access.

Controlled drugs will be easily accessible in an emergency and a record of any doses used and the amount held will be kept.

Pupils managing their own needs

Pupils who are competent will be encouraged to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures. This will be discussed with parents and it will be reflected in their IHCPs.

Pupils will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices wherever possible. Staff will not force a pupil to take a medicine or carry out a necessary procedure if they refuse, but will follow the procedure agreed in the IHCP and inform parents so that an alternative option can be considered, if necessary.

Unacceptable practice

School staff should use their discretion and judge each case individually with reference to the pupil's IHCP, but it is generally not acceptable to:

- Prevent pupils from easily accessing their inhalers and medication, and administering their medication when and where necessary
- Assume that every pupil with the same condition requires the same treatment
- Ignore the views of the pupil or their parents
- Ignore medical evidence or opinion (although this may be challenged)

- Send children with medical conditions home frequently for reasons associated with their medical condition or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their IHCPs
- If the pupil becomes ill, send them to the school office unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable
- Penalise pupils for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition, e.g. hospital appointments
- Prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively
- Require parents, or otherwise make them feel obliged, to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support to their pupil, including with toileting issues.
- Prevent pupils from participating, or create unnecessary barriers to pupils participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips, e.g. by requiring parents to accompany their child
- Administer, or ask pupils to administer, medicine in school toilets

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Staff will follow the school's normal emergency procedures (for example, calling 999). All pupils' IHCPs will clearly set out what constitutes an emergency and will explain what to do.

In a medical emergency, a number of members of staff have been appropriately trained to administer emergency paediatric first aid if necessary and a list of these staff can be found with all First Aid boxes.

If a pupil needs to be taken to hospital, staff will stay with the pupil until the parent arrives, or accompany the pupil to hospital by ambulance. A parent does not need to be present for a child to be taken to hospital.

TRAINING

Staff who are responsible for supporting pupils with medical needs will receive suitable and sufficient training to do so.

The training will be identified during the development or review of IHCPs. Staff who provide support to pupils with medical conditions will be included in meetings where this is discussed.

The relevant healthcare professionals will lead on identifying the type and level of training required and will agree this with the Deputy Head teacher. Training will be kept up to date.

Training will:

- Be sufficient to ensure that staff are competent and have confidence in their ability to support the pupils
- Fulfil the requirements in the IHCPs
- Help staff to have an understanding of the specific medical conditions they are being asked to deal with, their implications and preventative measures

Healthcare professionals will provide confirmation of the proficiency of staff in a medical procedure, or in providing medication.

All staff will receive training so that they are aware of this policy and understand their role in implementing it, for example, with preventative and emergency measures so they can recognise and act quickly when a problem occurs. This will be provided for new staff during their induction.

RECORD KEEPING

The governing board will ensure that written records are kept of all medicine administered to pupils for as long as these pupils are at the school. Parents will be informed if their pupil has been unwell at school.

IHCPs are kept in a readily accessible place which all staff are aware of.

LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

The governing board will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriately reflects the school's level of risk.

Please see appendix 2 for the details of the school's insurance policy.

COMPLAINTS

Parents with a complaint about their child's medical condition should discuss these directly with the class teacher in the first instance. If the class teacher cannot resolve the matter, they will direct parents to the Deputy head and then the Head teacher – if no resolution has been formed they must be directed to the school's complaints procedure.

The Headteacher and school staff will always treat medical information as confidential.

MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS

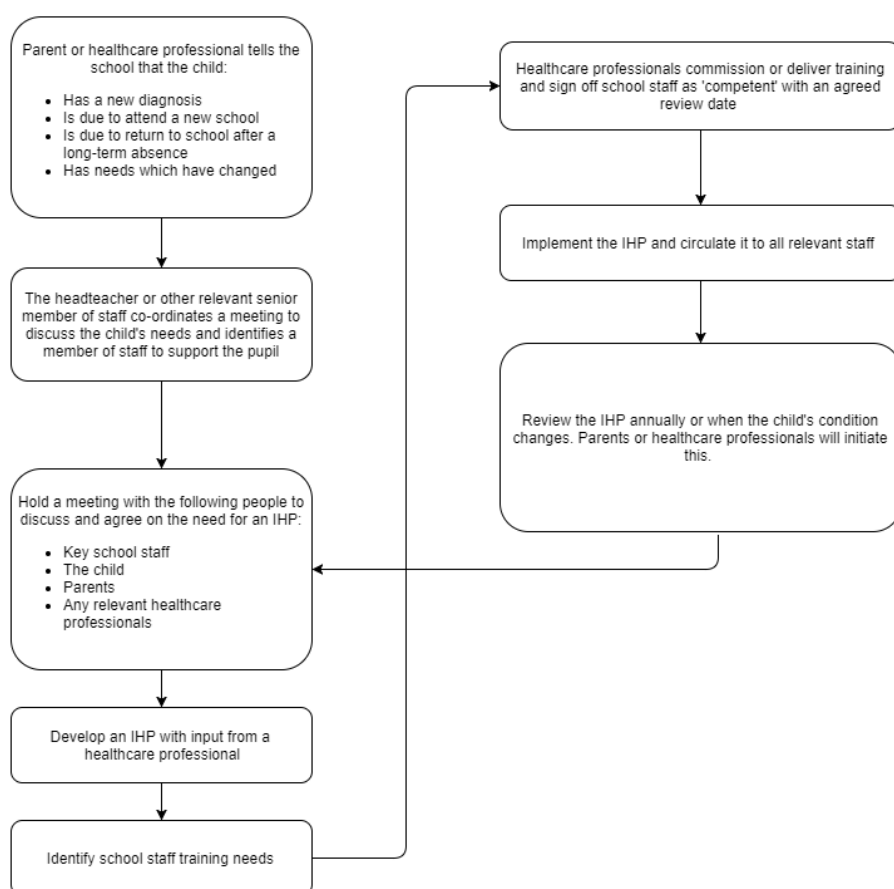
This policy will be reviewed and approved by the governing board every year.

LINKS TO OTHER POLICIES

This policy links to the following policies:

- Accessibility plan
- Complaints
- Equality information and objectives
- First aid
- Health and safety
- Safeguarding
- Special educational needs information report and policy
- Educational visits.

Appendix 1: Being notified a child has a medical condition



Appendix 2 – School’s Liability Insurance Policy



Department
for Education

Confirmation of risk protection arrangement (RPA) membership

The Department for Education’s risk protection arrangement (RPA) is a voluntary arrangement for academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. It is an alternative to insurance through which the cost of risks that materialise will be covered by government funds.

The following academy trust or multi-academy trust is a member of the RPA.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| NAME OF MEMBER ORGANISATION: | Stanley Primary School |
| MEMBERSHIP NO/URN: | 150594 |
| MEMBERSHIP PERIOD: | 01 September 2024 to 31 August 2025 |
| RPA MEMBERSHIP RULES: | Standard |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| (1) | EMPLOYER’S LIABILITY |
| Limit of Indemnity | Unlimited |
| (2) | THIRD PARTY PUBLIC LIABILITY |
| Limit of Indemnity | Unlimited |
| (3) | PROFESSIONAL INDEMNITY |
| Limit of Indemnity | Unlimited |
| (4) | PROPERTY DAMAGE |
| | Loss of or damage by any risk not excluded to any property owned by or the responsibility of the Member including property the responsibility of the Member due to a lease or hire agreement Cover |
| Limit | Reinstatement value of the property |

NOTES:

1. Indemnity is subject to the RPA membership rules.
2. In accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 of the Employers’ Liability (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1998 (SI 1998/2573), the Secretary of State for Education hereby certifies that any claim established against the named member organisation above in respect of any liability to the employees of the kind mentioned in section 1(1) of the Employers’ Liability (Compulsory Insurance) Act 1969 will, to any extent to which it is otherwise incapable of being satisfied by the aforementioned employer, be satisfied out of moneys provided by parliament.
3. A General Principles Clause is included.

Signed: 

Dated: 01 September 2024